



FEDERAL EDUCATION AGENCY

STATE EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION HIGHER PROFESSIONAL EDUCATION "UDMURT STATE UNIVERSITY"

BIOLOGICAL AND CHEMICAL UNIVERSITY

Department of Botany and Plant Ecology
Specialty 011600 Biology

ALLOW FOR PROTECTION
Head Department, Doctor of Biological Sciences
Professor Baranova O. G
24/06/2006

Qualification (diploma) work
"The effect of activated water parameters on bacteria of the species Escherichia coli."

Work is done by:

student 0-011600-54 group

Karataeva S. Yu.

Scientific adviser

Senior Lecturer

Magradze E.I.

Consultant

Candidate of Physico-Mathematical Sciences

V.G. Shironosov

Izhevsk 2006 Mapars

CONTENTS

INTRODU	JCTION	2
_	R 1. REVIEW OF LITERATURE	
	1 Experimental data on the effect of electrochemically treated liquids on various biological	
	bjects	
1	.2. The structure and properties of water	
	1.2. 1. Bulk water structure	
	1. 2. 2. Water radiation	
	1.2.3. Water as a solvent	
	1. 2. 4. Conductivity of aquatic environments	
	3. The concept of electrochemical activation. Properties of electrochemically activated water	
C	ompared to untreated water	
	1.3. 1. Contactless activation	
1	4. The reasons for the biological effect of electrochemically activated water	.21
С	HAPTER II. METHODS AND MATERIALS	
2	1. Materials	.29
2	2. Methods	.29
	2. 2. 1. Preparation of EXA solution	29
	2. 2. 2. Contactless activation. Cultivation Escherichia coli	.30
	2. 2. 3. Photometry. Calibration	.31
	2. 2. 4. Graphics and mathematical analysis	.33
CHAPTE	R III. EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS AND THEIR DISCUSSION	
3	1. Contactless media activation	36
	2. The effect of non-contact activation of the nutrient medium on the growth of Escherichia	
C	ells depending on the relaxation time of the active solution	37
	3. 2. 1. The results of experiments on the activation of the culture fluid immediately after	er
	disconnecting the current	.38
	3. 2. 2. The results of experiments on the activation of the culture fluid after 5 hours of	
	relaxation of the active solution	.41
	3. 2. 3. The results of experiments on the non-contact activation of the culture fluid after	er
	15 hours of relaxation of the active solution	.45
	3. 2. 4. Generalization of the results of three series of experiments	.48
CONCLU	SIONS	.50
LIST OF F	REFERENCES	.51
APPLICA	TION	.59
LIST OF A	ABBREVIATIONS	.69

Conclusions

- 1. A methodology has been developed for the influence of BA water on E. coli cell culture.
- 2. A study of the growth kinetics of the culture of Escherichia coli with non-contact activation of the culture fluid immediately after the shutdown of the electrolyzer revealed that as a result of exposure, cell growth is inhibited, the growth rate is reduced at the very initial stages. Growth inhibition continues in subsequent stages.
- 3. A study of the growth kinetics of the culture of Escherichia coli with non-contact activation of the culture fluid after 5 hours of relaxation of the active solution did not reveal any inhibitory or stimulating effects.
- 4. A study of the kinetics of growth in non-contact activation of the culture fluid after 15 hours of relaxation of the active solution revealed a positive effect on the growth of microorganisms Esherichia coli, which was manifested in the achievement of large biomass values in the experiment with respect to control at the same time.
- 5. It was found that with decreasing the ORP of the culture fluid by the BA method, regardless of the relaxation time of the active solution, the growth of cells of the species Esherichia coli stabilizes, due to which there is a smaller scatter of optical density data within the experimental group.